

B2M Antibody (Ascites)

Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (Mab)
Catalog # AM2052a

Specification

B2M Antibody (Ascites) - Product Information

Application WB,E
Primary Accession P61769
Other Accession NP_004039.1
Reactivity Human
Host Mouse
Clonality Monoclonal
Isotype IgG1
Calculated MW 13715

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Antigen Region 10-39

B2M Antibody (Ascites) - Additional Information

Gene ID 567

Other Names

Beta-2-microglobulin, Beta-2-microglobulin form pl 53, B2M

Target/Specificity

This B2M antibody is generated from mice immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 10-39 amino acids from human B2M.

Dilution

WB~~1:1000~16000

E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format

Mouse monoclonal antibody supplied in crude ascites with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

B2M Antibody (Ascites) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

B2M Antibody (Ascites) - Protein Information

Name B2M (<u>HGNC:914</u>)

Function Component of the class I major histocompatibility complex (MHC). Involved in the presentation of peptide antigens to the immune system. Exogenously applied M.tuberculosis EsxA



or EsxA-EsxB (or EsxA expressed in host) binds B2M and decreases its export to the cell surface (total protein levels do not change), probably leading to defects in class I antigen presentation (PubMed:25356553).

Cellular Location

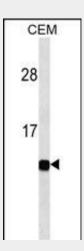
Secreted. Cell surface. Note=Detected in serum and urine (PubMed:1336137, PubMed:7554280). {ECO:0000269|PubMed:7554280, ECO:0000269|Ref.6}

B2M Antibody (Ascites) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

B2M Antibody (Ascites) - Images



B2M Antibody (Cat. #AM2052a) western blot analysis in CEM cell line lysates ($35\mu g$ /lane). This demonstrates the B2M antibody detected the B2M protein (arrow).

B2M Antibody (Ascites) - Background

This gene encodes a serum protein found in association with the major histocompatibility complex (MHC) class I heavy chain on the surface of nearly all nucleated cells. The protein has a predominantly beta-pleated sheet structure that can form amyloid fibrils in some pathological conditions. A mutation in this gene has been shown to result in hypercatabolic hypoproteinemia.

B2M Antibody (Ascites) - References

Bailey, S.D., et al. Diabetes Care 33(10):2250-2253(2010) Rennella, E., et al. J. Mol. Biol. 401(2):286-297(2010) Debelouchina, G.T., et al. J. Am. Chem. Soc. 132(30):10414-10423(2010)





Mumtaz, A., et al. Saudi J Kidney Dis Transpl 21(4):701-706(2010) Guo, H.C., et al. Nature 360(6402):364-366(1992)